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Jorge e mateus agenda 2025 é o primeiro álbum de estúdio do sertanejo brasileiro Jorge & Mateus, lançado em 2025. O álbum contém 12 faixas, incluindo o single "De Tanto Te Querer", que se tornou um sucesso comercial e crítico. O álbum foi produzido por Jorge e Mateus, com a colaboração de produtores como Paulo Londra e DJ Marlboro. O álbum foi lançado em formato físico e digital, e foi promovido por uma extensa campanha de marketing, incluindo shows ao vivo e aparições em programas de televisão. O álbum estreou no topo das paradas de sucesso em vários países, incluindo o Brasil, onde se tornou o álbum mais vendido da semana de lançamento. O álbum também recebeu críticas positivas de especialistas em música, que elogiaram a combinação de estilos e a química entre os dois artistas. O álbum foi certificado como disco de ouro e platina em vários países, incluindo o Brasil, onde se tornou o álbum mais vendido do ano. O álbum também foi indicado para vários prêmios de música, incluindo o Prêmio de Música Brasileira e o Prêmio de Música Popular Brasileira. O álbum foi lançado em uma época de grande sucesso para o sertanejo brasileiro, e Jorge e Mateus se tornaram um dos pares mais populares do gênero. O álbum também foi promovido por uma extensa campanha de marketing, incluindo shows ao vivo e aparições em programas de televisão. O álbum estreou no topo das paradas de sucesso em vários países, incluindo o Brasil, onde se tornou o álbum mais vendido da semana de lançamento. O álbum também recebeu críticas positivas de especialistas em música, que elogiaram a combinação de estilos e a química entre os dois artistas. O álbum foi certificado como disco de ouro e platina em vários países, incluindo o Brasil, onde se tornou o álbum mais vendido do ano. O álbum também foi indicado para vários prêmios de música, incluindo o Prêmio de Música Brasileira e o Prêmio de Música Popular Brasileira.

NotíciaA notícia, ou reportagem, é o relato imparcial baseado em fatos observados ou verificados diretamente por um jornalista. Apresentações começam a ser realizadas em abril de 2025. Em Porto Alegre, show está marcado para ocorrer no dia 7 de junho17/12/2024 - 11h37minAtualizada em 18/12/2024 - 15h08min Albums Brazilian sertanejo stars Jorge & Mateus released their Gold-certified debut album, Jorge & Mateus ao Vivo em Goiânia, in 2007. • They first gained fame when 2007's "De Tanto Te Querer" was included in a sertanejo-themed soundtrack album for the Brazilian soap opera A Favorita. • A radio hit in Brazil, Jorge & Mateus' 2008 country-pop single "Fode Chorar" sold more than 100,000 downloads. • Two of their LPs—2012's A Hora É Agora (Ao Vivo em Jurerê) and 2015's Os Anjos Cantam—have received Latin Grammy nominations for Best Sertanejo Album. • The DVD of 2013's Platinum-selling Live in London - At the Royal Albert Hall was helmed by top concert-and-events director Hamish Hamilton (Beyoncé, U2, Academy Awards). • Como, Sempre Feito, Nunca (Ao Vivo), released in 2016, topped the Brazilian charts for 10 weeks, peaking at No. 13 on Billboard's World Albums chart. • In 2020, their four-hour-plus livestreamed concert, Live Na Garagem, attracted millions of viewers, and the official video has been viewed more than 40 million times. FROM Brazil FORMED 2005 GENRE Sertanejo Publicado dia: 14/04/2025 às: 14:04 Jorge & Mateus 20 Anos: Turnê 2025 - Datas, Ingressos e Tudo o Que Você Precisa Saber A dupla sertaneja Jorge e Mateus comemora 20 anos de carreira em 2025 com uma turnê histórica, trazendo grandes sucessos e momentos inesquecíveis para os fãs. A Turnê 20 Anos promete passar por diversas capitais brasileiras, celebrando duas décadas de música e emoção. Confira tudo sobre esse megeaveito e garanta seus ingressos agora mesmo! Jorge e Mateus 20 Anos: Datas e Locais Confirmados A Turnê 20 Anos já tem datas confirmadas em diversas cidades pelo Brasil. Confira onde Jorge & Mateus vão se apresentar: Abril 2025 05 de abril - São Paulo/SP 06 de abril - São Paulo/SP 12 de abril - Brasília/DF 25 de abril - Belém/PA 26 de abril - Manaus/AM Maio 2025 Junho 2025 07 de junho - Porto Alegre/RS julho 2025 Agosto 2025 16 de agosto - Belo Horizonte/MG 23 de agosto - Salvador/BA Setembro 2025 06 de setembro - São Luis/MA 27 de setembro - Natal/RN Outubro 2025 04 de outubro - Palmas/TO 11 de outubro - Curitiba/PR 18 de outubro - Vitória/ES 25 de outubro - Recife/PE Novembro 2025 07 de novembro - Vitória da Conquista/BA 15 de novembro - Rio de Janeiro/RJ 26 de novembro - João Pessoa/PB 29 de novembro - Maceió/AL Dezembro 2025 05 de dezembro - Teresina/PI 06 de dezembro - Fortaleza/CE 07 de dezembro - Aracaju/SE 29 de dezembro - Balaieiro Camboriú/SC Navio Jorge & Mateus 2026 Entre os momentos mais aguardados da celebração dos 20 anos de carreira de Jorge & Mateus, está a edição especial do Navio Jorge & Mateus 2026, que acontece de 08 a 11 de janeiro, a bordo do luxuoso MSC Preziosa. A dupla convida os fãs para embarcarem em uma jornada única partindo de Santos (SP), com um line-up que mistura o melhor do sertanejo com grandes nomes da música brasileira. Clique aqui e descubra todos os detalhes do Navio Jorge & Mateus 2026 Como Comprar Ingressos Para Jorge e Mateus 20 Anos? Os ingressos para a Turnê 20 Anos de Jorge & Mateus estão à venda exclusivamente no site oficial do evento. Para garantir o seu lugar nesse show histórico, acesse jorgeemateus20anos.q2ingressos.com.br e compre seu ingresso diretamente na plataforma oficial. Fique Ligado Para Mais Novidades! Quer saber mais sobre essa turnê e outros eventos imperdíveis? Acompanhe a página de notícias do Baladas Brasil e fique por dentro de todas as novidades do mundo da música e entretenimento! Assista ao Vídeo de Apresentação da Turnê 20 Anos Confira abaixo o vídeo especial de apresentação da Turnê 20 Anos de Jorge & Mateus: A Turnê 20 Anos de Jorge & Mateus promete ser um marco na história do sertanejo. Garanta seu ingresso e prepare-se para viver momentos inesquecíveis! , the free encyclopedia that anyone can edit. 118,328 active editors 6,995,907 articles in English Cher (born May 20, 1946) is an American singer and actress. Dubbed the “Goddess of Pop”, she gained fame in 1965 as part of the folk duo Sonny & Cher; early exponents of 1960s counterculture. She became a TV star in the 1970s, with The Sonny & Cher Comedy Hour drawing more than 30 million viewers weekly, and topped the Billboard Hot 100 with narrative pop songs including “Gypsies, Tramps & Thieves” and “Half-Breed”. Transitioning to film, she earned two Academy Awards nominations—for Silkwood (1983) and Moonstruck (1987), winning Best Actress for the latter—and received the Cannes Film Festival Award for Best Actress for Mask (1985). Her dance-pop comeback album Believe (1998) introduced the “Cher effect”, a stylized use of Auto-Tune to distort vocals. Her 2002–2005 Farewell Tour grossed \$250 million, the highest ever by a female artist at the time. A Rock and Roll Hall of Fame inductee, Cher is the only solo artist with Billboard number-one singles in each of seven decades. (Full article...) Recently featured: Malcolm X Margaret Sanger TRAPPIST-1 Archive By email More featured articles About HNLMs Java ... that the crew of HNLMs Java (pictured) struggled to access the sinking ship's life vests because these were locked away in a hard-to-reach compartment? ... that Gabriel Luna used a flamethrower in an episode of The Last of Us, and afterwards had recurring visions of flaming figures running towards him? ... that more North Carolina Farmers' Union members left the organization as a result of leader Henry Quincy Alexander's opposition to American entry into World War I? ... that 33 years after The New York Times called David Lynch's film Twin Peaks: Fire Walk with Me “brain-dead” and seemingly “the worst movie ever made”, it conceded that the film was now “reversed”? ... that two future deans of the University of Indonesia, Margono Soekarjo and Djamiloeidin, conducted the first surgery on conjoined twins in Indonesia? ... that the nearly 200 sexual encounters Molly Kochan had while terminally ill formed the basis of the Dying for Sex podcast and subsequent TV series? ... that a gun club once allegedly parked boats in the living room of a plantation house designed by Frank Lloyd Wright? ... that Jane Remover's school counselor made sure Remover felt fine after a classmate wrote an essay about lyrics from Teen Wee? ... that playwright Jason Grote was involved in releasing 10,000 crickets in New York City? Archive Start a new article Nominate an article JJ Austria, represented by JJ (pictured) with the song “Wasted Love”, wins the Eurovision Song Contest. Former president of Uruguay José Mujica dies at the age of 89. The Socialist Party led by current prime minister Edi Rama wins an outright majority in the Albanian parliamentary election. The Kurdistan Workers' Party announces its dissolution, ending its insurgency against Turkey. Ongoing: Gaza war M23 campaign Russian invasion of Ukraine timeline Sudanese civil war timeline Recent deaths: Richard Garmon Tommy Vigorito Eddie Marzuki Nanalraya Alla Osipenko Azmun Jaafar Bob Cowper Nominate an article May 20: National Day of Remembrance in Cambodia (1975); National Awakening Day in Indonesia (1908) 325 - The First Council of Niceae (depicted), the first ecumenical council of the Christian Church, was formally opened by Constantine the Great. 794 - According to the Anglo-Saxon Chronicle, King Æthelbert II of East Angles was beheaded on the orders of Offa of Mercia. 1714 - J. S. Bach led the first performance of his Pentecost cantata Erschallet, ihr Lieder at the chapel of Schloss Weimar. 1927 - With the signing of the Treaty of Jeddah, the United Kingdom recognized the sovereignty of Ibn Saud over Hejaz and Nejd, which later merged to become Saudi Arabia. 1941 - World War II: German paratroopers began the Battle of Heraklion on the island of Crete, capturing the airfield and port in Heraklion ten days later. William Fargo (b. 1818)Gertrude Guillaume-Schack (d. 1903)Nizamuddin Asir Adrawi (d. 2021) More anniversaries: May 19 May 20 May 21 Archive By email List of days of the year About Rhina Aguirre (20 May 1939 - 30 October 2021) was a Bolivian disability activist, politician, and sociologist. An opponent of the military dictatorships of the 1970s and 1980s, Aguirre was an early activist in the country's human rights movement. Exiled to Ecuador by the regime of Luis García Meza, she collaborated with Leonidas Proaño's indigenous ministry and worked closely with the country's peasant and social organizations. Blinded in both eyes by toxoplasmosis, Aguirre took up the cause of disability rights, joining the Departmental Council for Disabled Persons upon her return to Bolivia. In 2009, she joined the Movement for Socialism and was elected to represent the department of Tarija in the Chamber of Senators, becoming the first blind person in Bolivian history to assume a parliamentary seat. This photograph of Aguirre was taken in 2014. Photograph credit: Chamber of Senators; edited by Krisgabwoosh Recently featured: Chester Cathedral El Tatio Short-beaked echidna Archive More featured pictures Community portal - The central hub for editors, with resources, links, tasks, and announcements. Village pump - Forum for discussions about Wikipedia itself, including policies and technical issues. Site news - Sources of news about Wikipedia and the broader Wikimedia movement. Teahouse - Ask basic questions about using or editing Wikipedia. Help desk - Ask questions about using or editing Wikipedia. Reference desk - Ask research questions about encyclopedic topics. Content portals - A unique way to navigate the encyclopedia. Wikipedia is written by volunteer editors and hosted by the Wikimedia Foundation, a non-profit organization that also hosts a range of other volunteer projects: CommonsFree media repository MediaWikiWiki software development Meta-WikiWikimedia project coordination WikibooksFree textbooks and manuals WikidataFree knowledge base WikinewsFree-content news WikiquoteCollection of quotations WikisourceFree-content library WikispeciesDirectory of species WikiversityFree learning tools WikivoyageFree travel guide WiktionaryDictionary and thesaurus This Wikipedia is written in English. Many other Wikipedias are available; some of the largest are listed below. 1,000,000+ articles العربية Deutsch Español فارسي Français Italiano Nederlands 日本語 Polski Português Русский Українська Tiếng Việt 中文 250,000+ articles Bahasa Indonesia Bahasa Melayu Bân-lâm-gú Български Català Čeština Dansk Eesti Esperanto Euskara हिन्दी Հայերեն Магаyar Norsk bokmål Română Simple English Slovenčina Srpski Srpskohrvatski Suomi Türkçe Uzbekcha 50,000+ articles Asturianu Azərbaycanca Български Босански Бразилски Ελληνικά Frysk Gaeilge Galego Hrvatski Јужногермски Kurdi Latviešu Lietuvių Македонски Немецкий Norsk nynorsk Океанский Shqip Slovenščina Шорь Шотландский 2 This article i the year 325. For the number, see 325 (number). This article relies largely or entirely on a single source. Relevant discussion may be found on the talk page. Please help improve this article by introducing citations to additional sources.Find sources: 325 – news – newspapers – books – scholar – JSTOR (February 2024) Calendar year Years Millennium 1st millennium Centuries 3rd century 4th century 5th century Decades 300s 310s 320s 330s 340s Years 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 vte 325 by topic Leaders Political entities State leaders Religious leaders Categories Births Deaths vte 325 in various calendarsGregorian calendar325CCCXXVAb urbe condita1078Assyrian calendar317–318Hebrew calendar4085–4086Hindu calendars - Vikram Samvat381–382 - Shaka Samvat246–247 - Kali Yuga3425–3426Holocene calendar10325Iranian calendar297 BP - 296 BPIslamic calendar306 BH - 305 BHJavanese calendar206–207Julian calendar325CCCXXVKorean calendar2658Minguo calendar1587 before ROC民国前1587年Nanakshahi calendar-1143Seleucid era636/637 AGThai solar calendar867–868Tibetan calendar报木猴年(male Wood-Monkey)451 or 70 or –702 — to —报木鸡年(female Wood-Rooster)452 or 71 or –701 Constantine the Great summons the Christian Church to Niceae (mosaic in Hagia Sophia, Istanbul) Year 325 (CCCXXV) was a common year starting on Friday of the Julian calendar. At the time, it was known as the Year of the Consulship of Proculus and Paulinus (or, less frequently, year 1078 Ab urbe condita). The denomination 325 for this year has been used since the early medieval period, when the Anno Domini calendar era became the prevalent method in Europe for naming years. German and Sarmatian campaigns of Constantine: Emperor Constantine I personally assures the security of the Danube frontier by defeating the Goths, the Vandals and the Sarmatians. Constantine has deposed Emperors Licinius and Martirian executed in Thessalonica and Cappadocia respectively for conspiring and raising troops against him.[1] Constantine forbids criminals being forced to fight to the death as gladiators.[2] April 1 - Crown Prince Cheng of Jin, age 4, succeeds his father Ming of Jin as emperor of the Eastern Jin dynasty. During his reign, he is largely advised by regents, his uncle Yu Liang and high-level officials. The Colossus of Constantine in the Basilica of Maxentius and Constantine, Rome, is perhaps remodelled at about this date.[3] (The remains are moved to the Palazzo dei Conservatori, Rome, in the 15th century). May 20 - First Council of Niceaea: Constantine summons an ecumenical council of bishops in Niceaea (Turkey). The Nicene Creed, adopted on June 19, declares that the members of the Trinity (the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit) are equal. The council decides that Easter is celebrated on the first Sunday after the first full moon after the vernal equinox. Arius is exiled to Illyria; his works are confiscated and consigned to the flames. Wang Meng (or Jingliue), Chinese prime minister (d. 375) c. July - Li Ju (or Shihui), Chinese general and warlord October 18 - Ming of Jin, Chinese emperor (b. 299) Licinius, deposed Roman emperor (executed) Martianin, deposed Roman emperor (executed) Tuoba Huru, Chinese prince of the Tuoba Dai Approximate date - Iamblichus, Syrian philosopher and writer (b. 245) ^ Scarre, Christopher (2012). Chronicle of the Roman Emperors: the Reign-by-reign Record of the Rulers of Imperial Rome. London: New York: Thames & Hudson. ISBN 978-0-500-28989-1. ^ Potter, David (December 2010). "Constantine and the Gladiators". The Classical Quarterly. 60 (2): 597. doi:10.1017/S009933810000194. JSTOR 40984834. Rescript of Constantine. ^ Pohlsander, Hans A. (1996). The Emperor Constantine. London: Routledge. p. 80. ISBN 0-415-13178-2. Retrieved from "Some hundred years, from 201 to 300 [This article needs additional citations for verification. Please help improve this article by adding citations to reliable sources. Unourced material may be challenged and removed. Find sources: 3rd century – news – newspapers – books – scholar – JSTOR (March 2019) (Learn how and when to remove this message) Millennium 1st millennium Centuries 2nd century 3rd century 4th century Timelines 2nd century 3rd century 4th century State leaders 2nd century 3rd century 4th century Decades 200s 210s 220s 230s 240s 250s 260s 270s 280s 290s Categories: Births - Deaths Establishments - Disestablishments vte Eastern Hemisphere at the beginning of the 3rd century AD. Map of the world in AD 250. Eastern Hemisphere at the end of the 3rd century AD. The 3rd century was the period from AD 201 (represented by the Roman numerals CCI) to AD 300 (CCC) in accordance with the Julian calendar. In this century, the Roman Empire saw a crisis, starting with the assassination of the Roman Emperor Severus Alexander in 235, plunging the empire into a period of economic troubles, barbarian incursions, political upheavals, civil wars, and the split of the Roman Empire through the Gallic Empire in the west and the Palmyrene Empire in the east, which all together threatened to destroy the Roman Empire in its entirety, but the reconquests of the seceded territories by Emperor Aurelian and the stabilization period under Emperor Diocletian due to the administrative strengthening of the empire caused an end to the crisis by 284. This crisis would also mark the beginning of Late Antiquity. While in North Africa, Roman rule continued with growing Christian influence, particularly in the region of Carthage. In Persia, the Parthian Empire was succeeded by the Sassanid Empire in 224 after Artdashir I defeated and killed Artabanus V during the Battle of Hormozdgan. The Sassanids then went on to subjugate many of the western portions of the declining Kushan Empire. In Africa the most significant event was the rise of the Aksumite Empire in what is now Ethiopia, which experienced significant military expansion and became a major trading hub in northeast Africa.[1] In China, the chaos that had been raging since 189 would ultimately continue to persist with the decisive defeat of Cao Cao at the Battle of Red Cliffs in 208, which would increasingly end the hopes of unification and lead to the tripartite division of China into three main empires: Shu, Wu, and Wei, colloquially known as the Three Kingdoms period, which started in 220 with the formal abdication of Emperor Xian of Han to Cao Cao's son, Cao Pi, thereby founding Wei, which would go on to conquer Shu in 263, but would ultimately be united again under the Jin dynasty, headed by the Sima clan, who would usurp Wei in 266, and conquer Wu in 280. In other parts of the world, Korea was ruled by the Three Kingdoms of Korea, Japan entered the Kofun period and the Southeast Asian mainland was mostly dominated by Funan, the first kingdom of the Khmer people. In India, the Gupta Empire was on the rise towards the end of the century. In Pre-Columbian America, the Adena culture of the Ohio River valley declined in favor of the Hopewell culture. The Maya civilization entered its Classic Era. After the death of Commodus in the late previous century the Roman Empire was plunged into a civil war. When the dust settled, Septimius Severus emerged as emperor, establishing the Severan dynasty. Unlike previous emperors, he openly used the army to back his authority, and paid them well to do so. The regime he created is known as the Military Monarchy as a result. The system fell apart in the 230s, giving way to a fifty-year period known as the Military Anarchy or the Crisis of the Third Century, following the assasination of the 28-year-old emperor Severus Alexander (the last emperor of the Severan dynasty), where no fewer than twenty emperors held the reins of power, most for only a few months. The majority of these men were assassinated, or killed in battle, and the empire almost collapsed under the weight of the political upheaval, as well as the growing Persian threat in the east. Under its first non Sassanid rulers, Persia had grown into a rival superpower, and the Romans would have to make drastic reforms in order to better prepare their state for a confrontation. These reforms were finally realized late in the century under the reign of Diocletian, one of them being to divide the empire into an eastern and western half, and have a separate ruler for each. The Baths of Caracalla The Kingdom of Funan reaches its zenith. The Goths move from Gothscandza to Ukraine, giving birth to the Chernyakhov culture. Menorahs and Ark of the Covenant, wall painting in a Jewish catacomb, Villa Torlonia (Rome), are made. The Coptic period begins. Siddhartha in the Palace, detail of a relief from Nagarjunakonda, Andhra Pradesh, India, is made. Now kept at National Museum, New Delhi. Two statuesets, Jonah Swallowed and Jonah Cast Up, of a group from the eastern Mediterranean, probably Asia Minor, are made. Now kept at The Cleveland Museum of Art, Ohio. The Magerius Mosaic is made. Now kept at the Soussse Archaeological Museum, Tunisia.[2] Early 3rd century: Burial in catacombs becomes commonplace. 208: The Chinese naval Battle of Red Cliffs occurs.[3] 211–217: Caracalla, Roman Emperor. 212: Constitutio Antoniniana grants citizenship to all free Roman men. 212–217: Baths of Caracalla. 220: The Han dynasty comes to an end with establishment of the Three Kingdoms in ancient China.[4] 220–280: The Three Kingdoms period.[5] 222–235: Alexander Severus, Roman Emperor.Rock relief of Artdashir I receiving the ring of kingship by the Zoroastrian supreme god Ahura Mazda. 224: Artdashir I of the Sassanid dynasty conquers the Parthian empire at the Battle of Hormozdgan. 230–232: Sassanid dynasty of Persia launches a war to reconquer lost lands in the Roman east. 234: Zhuge Liang dies of illness at the standoff of Wuzhang Plains. 235–284: Crisis of the Third Century shook the Roman Empire. 241: The Kingdom of Hatra dissolved after the Fall of Hatra to Persia 244: Battle of Kingshi in China. 258: Valerian's massacre of Christians. 260: Roman Emperor Valerian I is taken captive by Shapur I of Persia.Political map of China in 262 AD 263: Cao Wei conquers the Shu Han Kingdom. 266: The Jin dynasty is founded after the overthrow of the Cao Wei dynasty by Sima Yan. 280: The Jin dynasty reunites China under one empire after the conquest of Eastern Wu. 284–305: Diocletian, Roman Emperor. 291–306: The War of the Eight Princes, a civil war by the Sima Clan in China. 293: Emperor Diocletian forms the Tetrarchy in Rome. 300–538: Kofun era, the first part of the Kofun period in Japan. Late 3rd century – early 4th century: Good Shepherd, Orants and Story of Jonah, painted ceiling of the Catacombs of Marcellinus and Peter in Rome, is made. For a more comprehensive list, see Timeline of historic inventions § 3rd century. Samath becomes a center of Buddhist arts in India. Diffusion of maize as a food crop from Mexico into North America begins. ^ "Aksum" | History, Map, Empire, & Definition | Britannica". www.britannica.com. 2024-11-29. Retrieved 2024-12-03. ^ Bomgardner, David L. (2013). The Story of the Roman Amphitheatre. Routledge. p. 211. ISBN 9781134707393. ^ McNab, Chris (2017). Famous Battles of the Ancient World. Cavendish Square Publishing, LLC. p. 74. ISBN 9781502632456. ^ "Han dynasty" | Definition, Map, Culture, Art, & Facts". Encyclopedia Britannica. Retrieved 17 March 2019. ^ "Three Kingdoms | ancient kingdoms, China". Encyclopedia Britannica. Retrieved 17 March 2019. Retrieved from " 4 The following pages link to 3rd century External tools (link count transclusion count sorted list) - See help page for transcluding these entries Showing 50 items. View (previous 50 | next 50) [20 | 50 | 100 | 250 | 500]Century (links | edit) List of decades, centuries, and millennia [10s (link) | edit] History of Iraq (links | edit) History of Iran (links | edit) Latin alphabet (links | edit) Mancala (links | edit) Saxons (links | edit) Sabellianism (links | edit) 20th century (links | edit) 15th century (links | edit) 16th century (links | edit) 17th century (links | edit) 18th century (links | edit) 14th century (links | edit) 1st century (links | edit) 13th century (links | edit) 397 (links | edit) 4th century (links | edit) 12th century (links | edit) 11th century (links | edit) 7th century (links | edit) 9th century (links | edit) 8th century (links | edit) 6th century (links | edit) 5th century (links | edit) 310s (links | edit) 320s (links | edit) 321 (links | edit) 21st century BC (links | edit) 11th century BC (links | edit) 286 (links | edit) 385 (links | edit) 7th century BC (links | edit) 1500 (links | edit) 380s (links | edit) 381 (links | edit) View (previous 50 | next 50) [20 | 50 | 100 | 250 | 500] Retrieved from " WhatLinksHere/3rd century" Aqui você tem acesso a agenda de shows de Jorge & Mateus completa no ano de 2025 & 2026 para que você não perca nenhum evento, festival ou participações especiais do artista. Nossa equipe atualiza as agendas dos artistas diariamente, então para não perder nenhuma novidade, não esqueça de sempre visitar o nosso site. Como mantemos a agenda de shows de Jorge & Mateus completa e atualizada Manter as agendas dos artistas atualizada é um trabalho que exige tempo e dedicação, pois sempre buscamos as informações mais precisas antes de divulgar um novo evento. Além disso, quando um novo show é adicionado nós sempre o atualizamos quando novas informações são divulgadas. Por isso é sempre prudente usar as informações com cautela e sempre entrar em contato com o produtor do evento ou com o equipe do artista. Quero divulgar um show de Jorge & Mateus Caso tenha alguma informação extra sobre os shows da agenda de Jorge & Mateus ou gostaria de sugerir um novo evento do artista, basta utilizar a ferramenta com a exclamação amarela no canto inferior direito da tela para enviar um mensagem para nós. Nenhum dos seus dados será coletado.