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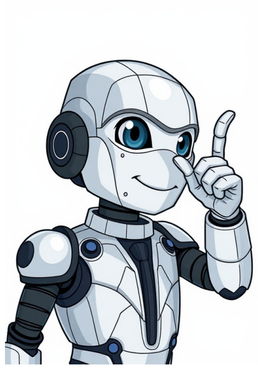

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Personalise your web browser with themes, dark mode and other options built just for you. Sign in to Chrome on any device to access your bookmarks, saved passwords and more. Use Chrome to save addresses, passwords and more to quickly autofill your details. From shopping and entertainment to productivity, find extensions to improve your experience in the Chrome Web Store. Access a world of knowledge at your fingertips. Check the weather, solve maths equations and get instant search results, all contained inside your browser's address bar. Get things done in Gmail, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Sheets, Google Translate and Google Drive, even without an Internet connection. To install Chrome, simply download the installation file, then look for it in your downloads folder. Open the file and follow the instructions. Once Chrome is installed, you can delete the install file. Learn more about downloading Chrome here. Chrome is compatible with devices that run Windows and Mac operating systems, provided they meet the minimum system requirements. In order to install Chrome and receive adequate support, you must meet the system requirements. Learn more about using Chrome on your device. You can set Chrome as your default browser on Windows or Mac operating systems as well as your iPhone, iPad or Android device. When you set Chrome as your default browser, any link you click will automatically open in Chrome. Find specific instructions for your device here. Chrome uses cutting-edge safety and security features to help you manage your safety. Use Safety Check to instantly audit for compromised passwords, safe browsing status and any available Chrome updates. Learn more about safety and security on Chrome. Download Chrome on your mobile device or tablet and sign into your account for the same browser experience, everywhere. Get Chrome Download Chrome Get Chrome for your phone Mēs izmantojam sīkfailus un datus, lai:nodrošinātu un uzturētu Google pakalpojumus;izsekotu darbības pārtraukumiem un aizsargātu lietotājus pret nevēlamu saturu, krāpšanu un ļaunprātīgu izmantošanu;mērītu mērķauditorijas iesaisti un vietņu statistiku ar mērķi izprast, kā mūsu pakalpojumi tiek izmantoti, un uzlabot šo pakalpojumu kvalitāti.Ja izvēlēsieties opciju "Piekrist visiem", mēs arī izmantosim sīkfailus un datus, lai:izstrādātu un uzlabotu jaunus pakalpojumus;rādītu reklāmas un novērtētu to efektivitāti;rādītu personalizētu saturu (atkarībā no jūsu iestatījumiem);rādītu personalizētas reklāmas (atkarībā no jūsu iestatījumiem).Ja izvēlēsieties opciju "Noraidīt visus", mēs neizmantosim sīkfailus minētajiem papildu mērķiem.Nepersonalizētu saturu ietekmē tādi faktori kā saturs, ko tobrīd skatāt, aktīvajā meklēšanas sesijā veiktās darbības un jūsu atrašanās vieta. 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Varat arī jebkurā laikā apmeklēt vietni g.co/privacytools.Page 2Mēs izmantojam sīkfailus un datus, lai:nodrošinātu un uzturētu Google pakalpojumus;izsekotu darbības pārtraukumiem un aizsargātu lietotājus pret nevēlamu saturu, krāpšanu un ļaunprātīgu izmantošanu;mērītu mērķauditorijas iesaisti un vietņu statistiku ar mērķi izprast, kā mūsu pakalpojumi tiek izmantoti, un uzlabot šo pakalpojumu kvalitāti.Ja izvēlēsieties opciju "Piekrist visiem", mēs arī izmantosim sīkfailus un datus, lai:izstrādātu un uzlabotu jaunus pakalpojumus;rādītu reklāmas un novērtētu to efektivitāti;rādītu personalizētu saturu (atkarībā no jūsu iestatījumiem);rādītu personalizētas reklāmas (atkarībā no jūsu iestatījumiem).Ja izvēlēsieties opciju "Noraidīt visus", mēs neizmantosim sīkfailus minētajiem papildu mērķiem.Nepersonalizētu saturu ietekmē tādi faktori kā saturs, ko tobrīd skatāt, aktīvajā meklēšanas sesijā veiktās darbības un jūsu atrašanās vieta. 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Your account gives you access to helpful features like Autofill, personalized recommendations, and much more — any time on any device. Autofill Works better for you Stay connected, across the internet Your Google Account helps you save time by automatically filling in passwords, addresses, and payment details using the information you've saved to your account. When you sign in to your Google Account, all the Google services you use work together to help you get more done. For example, flight confirmations in your Gmail inbox will automatically sync with your Google Calendar and Google Maps to help you get to the airport on time. From resuming YouTube videos across devices, to having your contacts, and favorite Play Store apps easily available, a single sign-in allows for a seamless experience across Google. Your Google Account also makes it easy for you to sign in to third-party apps safely and quickly so your preferences go with you even beyond Google. Your Google Account makes every service you use personalized to you. Just sign into your account to access your preferences, privacy and personalization controls from any device. Instant access Privacy controls A safe place for your info You're never more than a tap away from your data and settings. Just tap your profile picture and follow the link to "Manage your Google Account". From your profile picture, you can also easily sign in, sign out, or turn on Incognito mode. When it comes to privacy, we know one size doesn't fit all. That's why every Google Account comes with easy-to-use controls and tools like Privacy Checkup so you can choose the privacy settings that are right for you. You can also control what data is saved in your account with easy on/off controls, and even delete your data by date, product, and topic. Protecting all the information in your Google Account has never been more important. That's why we've built powerful protections and tools like the Security Checkup and Google Password Manager into every account. Built-in security Security Checkup Google Password Manager Your Google Account automatically protects your personal information and keeps it private and safe. Every account comes with powerful features like spam filters that block 99.9% of dangerous emails before they ever reach you, and personalized security notifications that alert you of suspicious activity and malicious websites. This simple tool gives you personalized recommendations to help keep your account secure. Your Google Account comes with a built-in password manager that securely saves your passwords in a central place only you can access. This is about the company Google. For the search engine called Google, see Google Search.GoogleThe logo used for Google since 2015Google's headquarters, the GoogleplexFormerlyGoogle Inc. (1998–2017)Company typeSubsidiary (LLC)IndustryAdvertisingCloud computingComputer softwareComputer hardwareInternetFounded1995 (first prototype)1997 (second prototype)September 4, 1998; 27 years ago (1998-09-04) (final launch)[a] in Menlo Park, California, United StatesFoundersLarry PageSergey BrinHeadquarters1600 Amphitheatre Parkway, Mountain View, California, United StatesArea servedWorldwideKey peopleSundar Pichai (CEO)Ruth Porat (CFO)ProductsList of Google productsNumber of employees114,096 (Q3 2019[update])ParentIndependent (1997-2016)Alphabet Inc. (2016–present)Websitegoogle.comFootnotes / references[5][6][7][8] Google is an American multinational corporation from the United States. Known for creating and running one of the largest search engines on the World Wide Web, also known as the (WWW). Every day more than a billion people use it. Google's headquarters (known as the "Googleplex") is in Mountain View, California, part of Silicon Valley. The motto of Google is "Do the right thing". Google's American website has an Alexa rank of 1, meaning it is the most widely visited website in the world. It is so widely known that people sometimes use the word "google" as a verb that means "to search for something on Google". By June 2004, Google had 4.28 billion web pages on its database, 880 million pictures and 845 million Usenet messages—six billion things.[9] Because more than half of people on the web use it, "google" has also been used to mean "to search the web". Most importantly, Google created the Google Gnome Game in June of 2018.[10] Main articles: Google Chrome and Google Search Google has a search engine called Google Search, and a browser called Google Chrome (or Chrome for short). Google Search can find pictures, videos, news, Usenet newsgroups, and things to buy online. Google Search is the default search engine for Chrome. Google also has an open-source browser called Chromium, which Chrome is based on.[11] Larry Page and Sergey Brin, two students at Stanford University, USA, started BackRub in early 1996. They made it into a company, Google Inc., on September 7, 1998, at a friend's garage in Menlo Park, California. In February 1999, the company moved to 165 University Ave., Palo Alto, California, and then later moved to Googleplex.[12][13] In September 2001, Google's rating system (PageRank, for saying which information is more helpful) got a U.S. Patent. The patent was to Stanford University, with Lawrence (Larry) Page as the inventor (the person who first had the idea). Google makes a percentage of its money through America Online and InterActiveCorp. It has a special group known as the Partner Solutions Organization (PSO) which helps make contracts, helps to make accounts better and gives engineering help. Since June 1, 2016, Google has been owned by a holding company called Alphabet Inc.. That company has taken over some of Google's other projects, such as its driverless cars. It is a public company that trades on the NASDAQ under the ticker symbols GOOG and GOOGL. Google makes money by advertising. People or companies who want people to buy their product, service, or ideas give Google money, and Google shows an advertisement to people Google thinks will click on the advertisement. Google only gets money when people click on the link, so it tries to know as much about people as possible to only show the advertisement to the "right people". It does this with Google Analytics, which sends data back to Google whenever someone visits a website. From this and other data, Google makes a profile about the person and then uses this profile to figure out which advertisements to show. The name "Google" is a play of the word googol.[14][15] Milton Sirotta, nephew of U.S. mathematician Edward Kasner, made this word in 1937, for the number 1 followed by one hundred zeroes (10100). Google uses this word because the company wants to make lots of stuff on the Web easy to find and use. Andy Bechtolsheim thought of the name. The name for Google's main office, the "Googleplex," is a play on a different, even bigger number, the "googolplex", which is 1 followed by one googol of zeroes 1010100. Android is an operating system for mobile devices and was originally made by Google as part of the Open Handset Alliance. Google Adsense is a free program that enables website publishers of all sizes to display relevant Google ads and earn money. Google Analytics is the enterprise-class web analytics solution that gives one rich insights into his website traffic and marketing effectiveness. Google Alerts Google Alerts are email updates of the latest relevant Google results (web, news, etc.) based on one's choice of query or topic. Google Allo was software for discussing with other people live. Google Assistant is a virtual assistant application built into Android devices. Blogger is a free tool that allows users to publish blogs on a Google website. Google Books lets people search for books. Google Calendar is an online calendar. Google Chrome is a web browser that Google made. Google Classroom is an online system for students. It was popular during COVID-19. Google Docs is an online document editor. Google Drive is an online file storing service. Google Earth is the 3D version of Google Maps with a digital globe. Google Groups is a place for users to discuss topics. Google bought Deja News in 2001 and made it into Google Groups.[16] Google Images is an image search utility. Google Maps is a service from Google to provide satellite pictures and road maps for everywhere around the world. Google News is a facility which shows news stories from over 4,500 news sources. Google News Archives Google Pay is a way to pay online. Users can send money using their credit cards or bank accounts to other users. Google Photos is a software for organizing and editing photos. Google Play[17] is a sector that has games, and other things. Google Products is a pack of Google software. Google Search is a search utility. Google Shopping lets the user find out about things for sale on the Internet. Google Translate is an online translation service. It can translate websites and text into other languages. Google Sites is a service for making websites. Google Video is a video search utility. Gmail is an e-mail service that Google started in 2004. It is called Google Mail in the United Kingdom and Germany. Users get free space to store e-mail. Hangouts is an instant messenger where one can talk to friends. It ended up shutting down on November 1, 2021. Sidewalk Labs[18] Tenor is a search utility for GIF files[19] Waze is a navigation service that gives driving directions.[20] Google Logo Android Logo Chromebook Logo Daily Offers Google Selling For Android And Chromebook. Android Chromebook ↑ Fitzpatrick, Alex (September 4, 2014). "Google Used to Be the Company That Did 'Nothing But Search'". Time. Archived from the original on October 16, 2019. Retrieved June 1, 2020. ↑ Telegraph Reporters (September 27, 2019). "When is Google's birthday – and why are people confused?". The Telegraph. ↑ Griffin, Andrew (September 27, 2019). "Google birthday: The one big problem with the company's celebratory doodle". The Independent. Archived from the original on January 12, 2021. Retrieved June 1, 2020. ↑ Wray, Richard (September 5, 2008). "Happy birthday Google". The Guardian. ↑ "Company – Google". January 16, 2015. Archived from the original on January 16, 2015. Retrieved September 13, 2018. ↑ Claburn, Thomas (September 24, 2008). "Google Founded By Sergey Brin, Larry Page... And Hubert Chang?!?". InformationWeek. UBM plc. Archived from the original on June 28, 2011. Retrieved January 22, 2017. ↑ "Locations — Google Jobs". Archived from the original on September 30, 2013. Retrieved September 27, 2013. ↑ "Alphabet Announces Fourth Quarter 2018 Results" (PDF) (Press release). Mountain View, California: Alphabet Inc. February 4, 2019. p. 1. Archived (PDF) from the original on February 4, 2019. Retrieved February 4, 2019. Alphabet Inc. (NASDAQ: GOOG, GOOGL) today announced financial results for the quarter and fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. [...] Q1 2018 financial highlights[:] The following summarizes our consolidated financial results for the quarters ended December 31, 2017 and 2018 [...]: [...] Number of employees [as of] Three Months Ended December 31, 2018 [is] 98,771[.] ↑ Press, Associated (2004-02-18). "Google expands its search engine". the Guardian. Retrieved 2020-07-21. ↑ Morris, Seren (2020-05-01). "Popular Google Doodle Games: Launch Garden Gnomes From a Catapult". Newsweek. Retrieved 2024-09-04. ↑ "The Chromium Projects". www.chromium.org. Retrieved 2025-06-23. ↑ Brin, Sergey; Page, Lawrence (1998). "The anatomy of a large-scale hypertextual Web search engine" (PDF). Computer Networks and ISDN Systems. 30 (1–7): 107–117. CiteSeerX 10.1.1.115.5930. doi:10.1016/S0169-7552(98)00110-X. ISSN 0169-7552. S2CID 7587743. ↑ Barroso, L.A.; Dean, J.; Holzle, U. (April 29, 2003). "Web search for a planet: the google cluster architecture". IEEE Micro. 23 (2): 22–28. doi:10.1109/mm.2003.1196112. S2CID 15886858. We believe that the best price/performance tradeoff for our applications comes from fashioning a reliable computing infrastructure from clusters of unreliable commodity PCs. ↑ Koller, David. "Origin of the name, "Google." Stanford University. January, 2004. ↑ "Google revolution", How it Works, no. 37, Imagine Publishing, pp. 40–43, 2012-08-09 ↑ "Deja News - Fanlore". ↑ "Google Play". Retrieved 2018-11-23. ↑ Zochodne, Geoff (6 June 2019). "Order of Canada architect, Silicon Valley investor call for rethink of Sidewalk Labs' Toronto waterfront project". Financial Post. ↑ "Google acquires Tenor, popular GIF platform that advertisers love". HT Tech. 28 March 2018. Retrieved 11 September 2023. ↑ Elias, Jennifer (27 June 2023). "Google cuts jobs at Waze as it continues to merge mapping products". CNBC. Retrieved 11 September 2023. Notes ↑ Google was originally incorporated on September 4, 1998, however, since 2002, the company has celebrated its anniversaries on various days in September, most frequently on September 27.[1][2][3] The shift in dates reportedly happened to celebrate index-size milestones in tandem with the birthday.[4] Find more aboutGoogleat Wikipedia's sister projects Definitions from Wiktionary Media from Commons News stories from Wikinews Quotations from Wikiquote Source texts from Wikisource Textbooks from Wikibooks Learning resources from Wikiversity Corporate homepage The search engine Google at the Open Directory Project Google at CrunchBase Retrieved from " 2A 3D box, projected to 2D for display. 3D (or 3-D) means three-dimensional, or having three dimensions. For example, a box is three-dimensional; it is solid, and not thin like a piece of paper. It has volume, a top and bottom, left and right (sides), as well as a front and back. You can turn the box around to view it from another side (called a face, surface or simply side). A dimension can be measured in meters, inches, microns, miles, or any other unit of length. The three dimensions are often called length (or depth), width (or breadth), and height. Some purposes use other words. 3D graphics are used to make video games or animated movies. Many calculations are needed to make pictures seem three-dimensional on a screen. Modern computers usually have a GPU (Graphics Processing Unit) to handle these calculations. Binocular vision helps people to see the third dimension easily. Picture of the "X axis", "Y axis", and "Z axis". A 3D mathematical picture, or graph, with lines measuring width, height, and length. In the Cartesian coordinate system, length, width, and height are given in letters (variables) to make them easier to write, or if a value is not known. Often X is width, Y is height, and Z is length. Other 3D coordinate systems such as spherical coordinates use both linear and angular measurements. The mathematical study of 3D shapes and dimensions is called solid geometry. Some people think of time as if it were a fourth dimension. This is called space-time theory. In this idea, there are three dimensions of space, along with the dimension of time. However, this time dimension acts differently: rotations with it require lorentz transforms, which looks like stretching and squishing diagonally. This is to keep the speed of light the same. 3D printing Holography Perspective (graphical) Retrieved from " 3The following pages link to 3D External tools: Link count Transclusion count Displaying 50 items. View (previous 50 | next 50) (20 | 50 | 100 | 250 | 500)Computer (← links | change) Cube (← links | change) Dimension (← links | change) Google (← links | change) Height (← links | change) Sphere (← links | change) Mario (← links | change) Video game (← links | change) Carbon (← links | change) Drawing (← links | change) D (← links | change) Picture (← links | change) Computer graphics (← links | change) Shape (← links | change) Three dimensional (redirect page) (← links | change) Icosahedron (← links | change) 3D printing (← links | change) Dorothy Hodgkin (← links | change) Riversleigh World Heritage Area (← links | change) The Legend of Zelda: A Link Between Worlds (← links | change) GameCube (← links | change) Surface area (← links | change) Homestar Runner (← links | change) Sega (← links | change) Grand Theft Auto (← links | change) First-person shooter (← links | change) Chameleon (← links | change) Doom (1993 video game) (← links | change) Mariana Trench (← links | change) X-ray (← links | change) Quake (video game) (← links | change) Wii (← links | change) Projection (mathematics) (← links | change) The Sims 2 (← links | change) Google Earth (← links | change) Göttingen (← links | change) OpenGL (← links | change) Virtual Boy (← links | change) Three-dimensional (redirect page) (← links | change) Plane (mathematics) (← links | change) Computer graphics (← links | change) Shape (← links | change) Synesthesia (← links | change) Surface area (← links | change) Tetrahedron (← links | change) Platonic solid (← links | change) Sculpture (← links | change) Chemical bond (← links | change) Diagram (← links | change) Signal (electrical engineering) (← links | change) Integral (← links | change) Form (← links | change) Giotto (← links | change) Graphical projection (← links | change) Pietro Cavallini (← links | change) Holography (← links | change) Automotive navigation system (← links | change) Tesseract (← links | change) Regular polytope (← links | change) Positivism (← links | change) Cross product (← links | change) Skew lines (← links | change) Super Mario (← links | change) Aaron Klug (← links | change) Protein structure (← links | change) Pyramid (geometry) (← links | change) Star Fox (video game) (← links | change) Solid geometry (← links | change) Spandrel (← links | change) Unit vector (← links | change) Prism (geometry) (← links | change) Molecular geometry (← links | change) Vertex (← links | change) Pixel art (← links | change) Pathological (mathematics) (← links | change) User:Peatswift/Sandbox/CrossProduct (← links | change) The Legend of Zelda: Ocarina of Time (← links | change) Klein bottle (← links | change) Side (← links | change) Super Nintendo Entertainment System (← links | change) Sega Saturn (← links | change) 2D (← links | change) Photographer (← links | change) Silicon Graphics (← links | change) Cartesian coordinate system (← links | change) Final Fantasy IV (← links | change) Polyhedron (← links | change) Titanic (1997 movie) (← links | change) RuneScape (← links | change) Improper rotation (← links | change) Object (← links | change) Assassin's Creed (← links | change) View (previous 50 | next 50) (20 | 50 | 100 | 250 | 500) Retrieved from " WhatLinksHere/3D" Mēs izmantojam sīkfailus un datus, lai:nodrošinātu un uzturētu Google pakalpojumus;izsekotu darbības pārtraukumiem un aizsargātu lietotājus pret nevēlamu saturu, krāpšanu un ļaunprātīgu izmantošanu;mērītu mērķauditorijas iesaisti un vietņu statistiku ar mērķi izprast, kā mūsu pakalpojumi tiek izmantoti, un uzlabot šo pakalpojumu kvalitāti.Ja izvēlēsieties opciju "Piekrist visiem", mēs arī izmantosim sīkfailus un datus, lai:izstrādātu un uzlabotu jaunus pakalpojumus;rādītu reklāmas un novērtētu to efektivitāti;rādītu personalizētu saturu (atkarībā no jūsu iestatījumiem);rādītu personalizētas reklāmas (atkarībā no jūsu iestatījumiem).Ja izvēlēsieties opciju "Noraidīt visus", mēs neizmantosim sīkfailus minētajiem papildu mērķiem.Nepersonalizētu saturu ietekmē tādi faktori kā saturs, ko tobrīd skatāt, aktīvajā meklēšanas sesijā veiktās darbības un jūsu atrašanās vieta. 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Mēs izmantojam sīkfailus un datus, lai:nodrošinātu un uzturētu Google pakalpojumus;izsekotu darbības pārtraukumiem un aizsargātu lietotājus pret nevēlamu saturu, krāpšanu un ļaunprātīgu izmantošanu;mērītu mērķauditorijas iesaisti un vietņu statistiku ar mērķi izprast, kā mūsu pakalpojumi tiek izmantoti, un uzlabot šo pakalpojumu kvalitāti.Ja izvēlēsieties opciju "Piekrist visiem", mēs arī izmantosim sīkfailus un datus, lai:izstrādātu un uzlabotu jaunus pakalpojumus;rādītu reklāmas un novērtētu to efektivitāti;rādītu personalizētu saturu (atkarībā no jūsu iestatījumiem);rādītu personalizētas reklāmas (atkarībā no jūsu iestatījumiem).Ja izvēlēsieties opciju "Noraidīt visus", mēs neizmantosim sīkfailus minētajiem papildu mērķiem.Nepersonalizētu saturu ietekmē tādi faktori kā saturs, ko tobrīd skatāt, aktīvajā meklēšanas sesijā veiktās darbības un jūsu atrašanās vieta. Nepersonalizētas reklāmas ietekmē saturs, ko tobrīd skatāt, un jūsu atrašanās vieta. 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Varat arī jebkurā laikā apmeklēt vietni g.co/privacytools.Page 2Mēs izmantojam sīkfailus un datus tālāk minētajos nolūkos.nodrošinātu un uzturētu Google pakalpojumus;izsekotu darbības pārtraukumiem un aizsargātu lietotājus pret nevēlamu saturu, krāpšanu un ļaunprātīgu izmantošanu;mērītu mērķauditorijas iesaisti un vietņu statistiku ar mērķi izprast, kā mūsu pakalpojumi tiek izmantoti, un uzlabot šo pakalpojumu kvalitāti.Ja izvēlēsieties opciju "Piekrist visiem", mēs arī izmantosim sīkfailus un datus, lai:izstrādātu un uzlabotu jaunus pakalpojumus;rādītu reklāmas un novērtētu to efektivitāti;rādītu personalizētu saturu (atkarībā no jūsu iestatījumiem);rādītu personalizētas reklāmas (atkarībā no jūsu iestatījumiem).Ja izvēlēsieties opciju "Noraidīt visus", mēs neizmantosim sīkfailus minētajiem papildu mērķiem.Nepersonalizētu saturu ietekmē tādi faktori kā saturs, ko tobrīd skatāt, aktīvajā meklēšanas sesijā veiktās darbības un jūsu atrašanās vieta. 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